Amendment to the Claims:

1. (Cancelled)

- 2. (Currently Amended) The ∆ method of elaim + for k-space data acquisition for magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) using of at least first and second k-spaces for interleaved data acquisition, the at least first and second k-spaces covering substantially the same 2D physical region, the k-spaces having a first coordinate axis and a second coordinate axis, the method comprising:
 - a) sampling into a first direction along the first coordinate axis,
 - b) applying a first compensation pulse,
- c) sampling into a second direction along the first coordinate axis, the second direction being opposite to the first direction.
 - d) applying a second compensation pulse,
 - e) incrementing a sampling position on the second coordinate axis,
 - f) repetitively carrying out the steps a) to [[d)]] e),
- g) generating a first image with first characteristics based on the data samples being acquired in the first direction,
- h) generating a second image with second characteristics based on the data samples acquired in the second direction, and.
 - i) combining the first and second images into one image.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] $\underline{2}$, the first and second compensation pulses being z-shimming pulses.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] 2, further comprising incrementing a sampling position on the second coordinate axis after each step a) and [[/ or]] after each step b).
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] 2, further comprising performing a partial k-space data acquisition by means of the sampling in steps a) and c).

- 6. (Cancelled)
- 7. (Cancelled)
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] 2, whereby a number of n k-spaces is used for the interleaved data acquisition, and further comprising the steps of:
- [[-]]applying a number of n-1 first compensation pulses of a first amplitude.
- [[-]]applying the second compensation pulse with a second amplitude, where the second amplitude is n-1 times the first amplitude.

9. (Cancelled)

- (Currently Amended) The A magnetic resonance imaging device ef-elaim-9 comprising;
- [[-]]means for interleaved k-space data acquisition in at leaste first and second k-spaces, the k-spaces having a first coordinate axis and a second coordinate axis.
- [[-]]a control unit for generating of control signals for the means for k-space data acquisition, wherein the control signals cause <u>causing</u> the means for k-space data acquisition to;
 - a) sample into a first direction along the first coordinate axis,
 - apply a first compensation <u>z-shimming</u> pulse,
 - c) sample into a second direction along the first
 - coordinate axis, the second direction being opposite of the first direction,
 - d) apply a second compensation z-shimming pulse,
 - e) repetitively carry out the steps a) to d);

a reconstruction means for reconstructing the data acquired in the first direction into a first image and the data acquired in the second direction into a second image;

a means for combining the first and second images into a hybrid image.

- 11. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for k-space data acquisition for magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), the computer program product comprising program means to perform performing k-space data acquisition in at least first and second k-spaces having a first coordinate access in an interleaved way, by performing the steps of:
 - a) sampling into a first direction along the first coordinate axis,
 - b) applying a first compensation pulse,
- c) sampling into a second direction along the first coordinate axis, the second direction being opposite to the first direction,
 - d) applying a second compensation pulse.
 - e) repetitively carrying out the steps a) to d),
- f) reconstructing the data acquired in the first direction into a first image of a selected physical region,
- g) reconstructing the data acquired in the second direction into a second image of the selected physical region,
- h) combining the first and second images into a third image of the selected region.

12. (Cancelled)

13. (New) The method of claim 2 further comprising:

applying phase-encode pulse after every second sampling step to increment a sampling position such that the compensation pulses are applied after every sampling step and the sampling position is incremented after every second sampling step.

- 14. (New) The method of claim 2 wherein the sampling steps undersample the first and second k-spaces and wherein the combining step includes applying one of SENSE and SMASH methodology in accordance with coil sensitivities.
- 15. (New) The method of claim 2 wherein the first compensation pulse causes a next sampling in the second direction to have the second characteristic and the second compensation pulse is a rewind pulse that causes a next sampling in the first direction to again have the first characteristic.
- 16. (New) The method of claim 2 wherein the first and second characteristics include at least one of susceptibility characteristics, contrast characteristics, and dephasing characteristics.
- 17. (New) The magnetic resonance device of claim 10 wherein the first, second, and hybrid images are 2D images of a common physical region.
- 18. (New) The magnetic resonance device of claim 17 wherein the combining means combines the first and second 2D images using one of a sum of the squares and a maximum intensity projection.
- (New) The computer program of claim 11 wherein the compensation pulses include z-shimming pulses.
- 20. (New) The computer program of claim 11 wherein the reconstructing steps include applying one of SENSE and SMASH methodology in accordance with coil sensitivities.

 $21. \qquad \text{(New)} \qquad \text{The computer program of claim 11 wherein the steps further include:}$

applying a phase encoding pulse after at least one of each step a) and each step b).